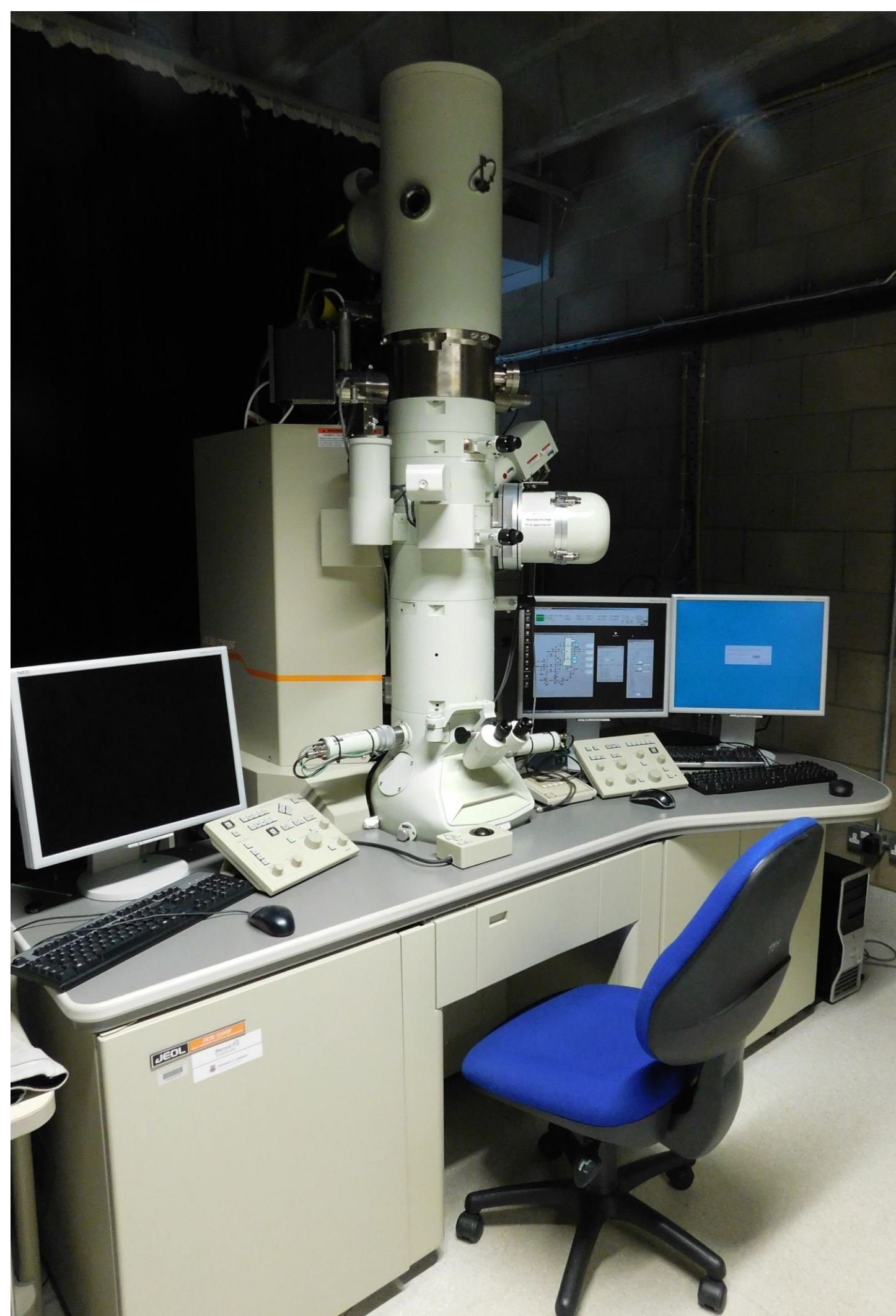


# TRANSMISSION ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

JEOL 2100 FE

## Transmission Electron Microscopy

This analytical method allows one to have a direct look on nanostructures and probe its morphology, sizes, crystallographical structure and chemical composition with high spatial resolution



JEOL 2100FE

### Available holders

For JEOL 2100FE TEM, the following holders are available:

- single tilt
- double tilt
- bulk/multiple sample
- single tilt tomography
- dual orientation tomography

### Available techniques

Currently, we are providing users with the following methods:

- High-Resolution TEM
- Bright Field and Dark Field TEM
- Selected Area Electron Diffraction (SAED)

Scanning Transmission Electron Microscopy (STEM) mode with different detectors available:

- High Angle Annular Dark Field (HAADF-STEM)
- Bright Field (BF-STEM)
- Secondary Electrons (SE-STEM)
- Local chemical composition analysis (STEM-EDX)

### Requirements

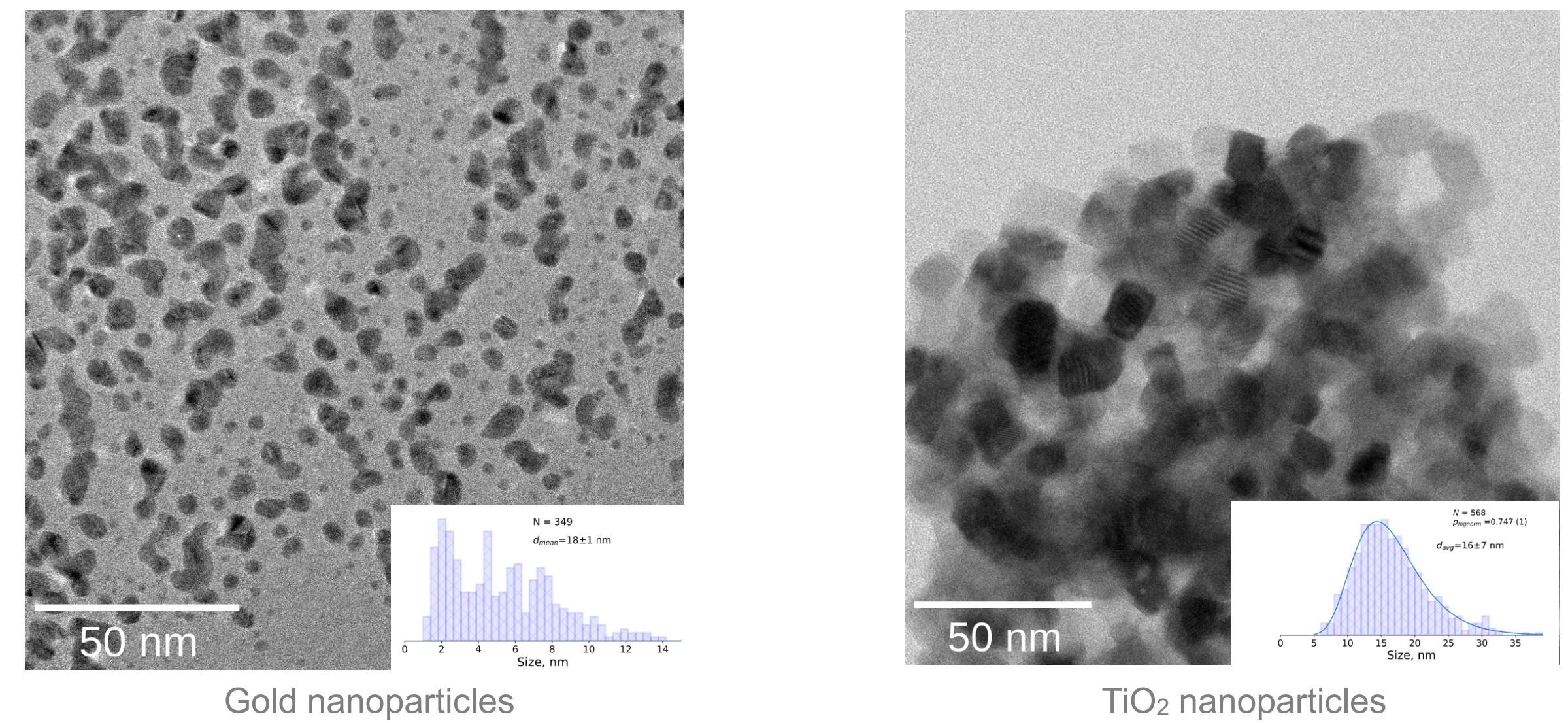
Typical samples, suitable for this methods are nanopowders, suspensions of nanoparticles, or thin lamellae of metals or semiconductors.

Samples are expected to be thin (<300 nm) and transparent for electrons

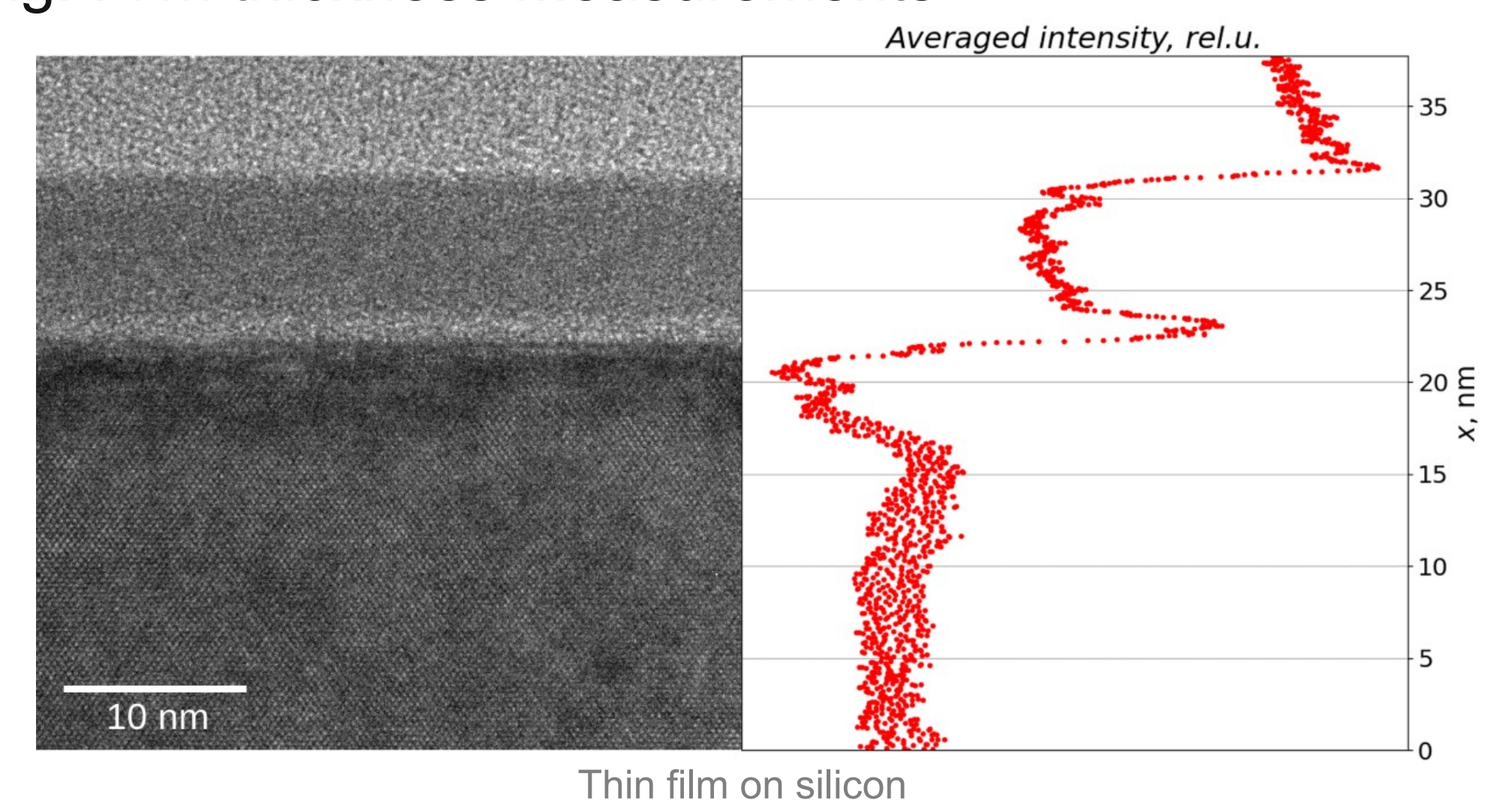
Samples have to be stable to vacuum and electron radiation

## Some examples of application

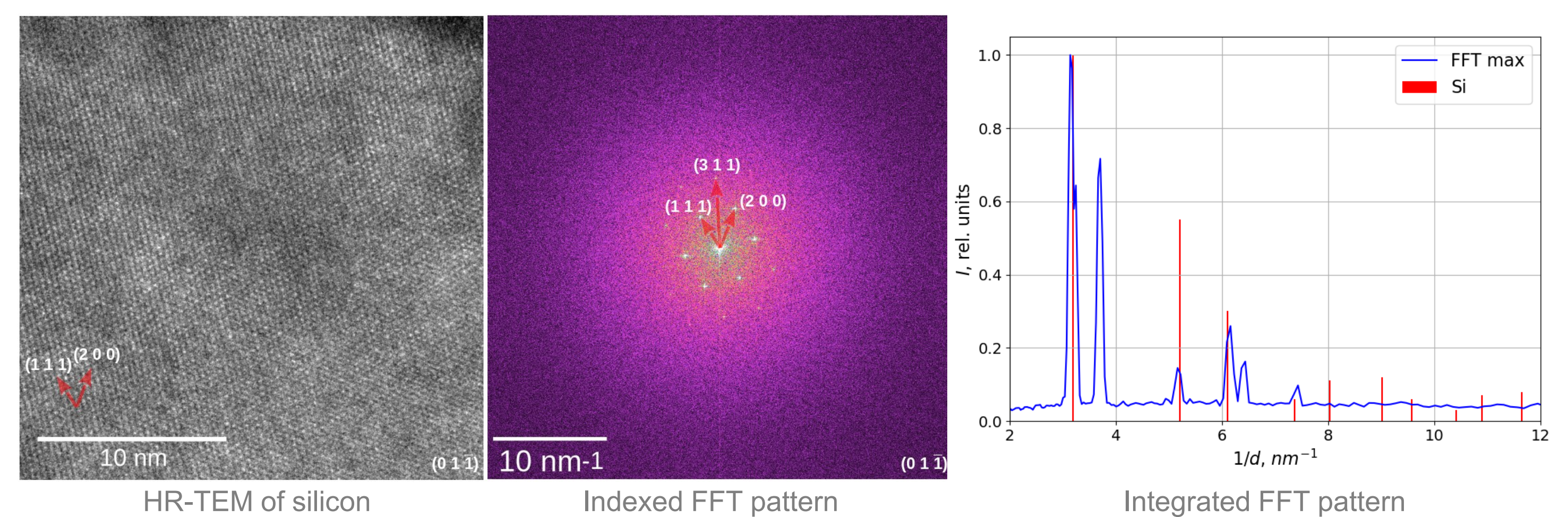
TEM imaging: Particles size distributions



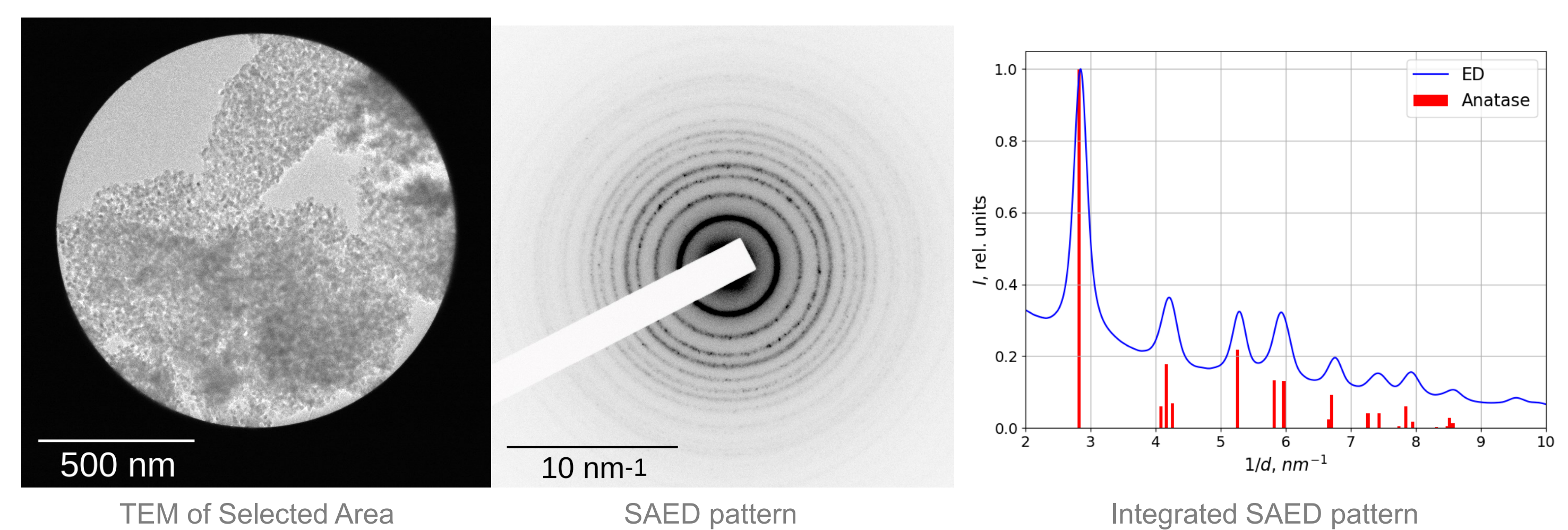
TEM imaging: Film thickness measurements



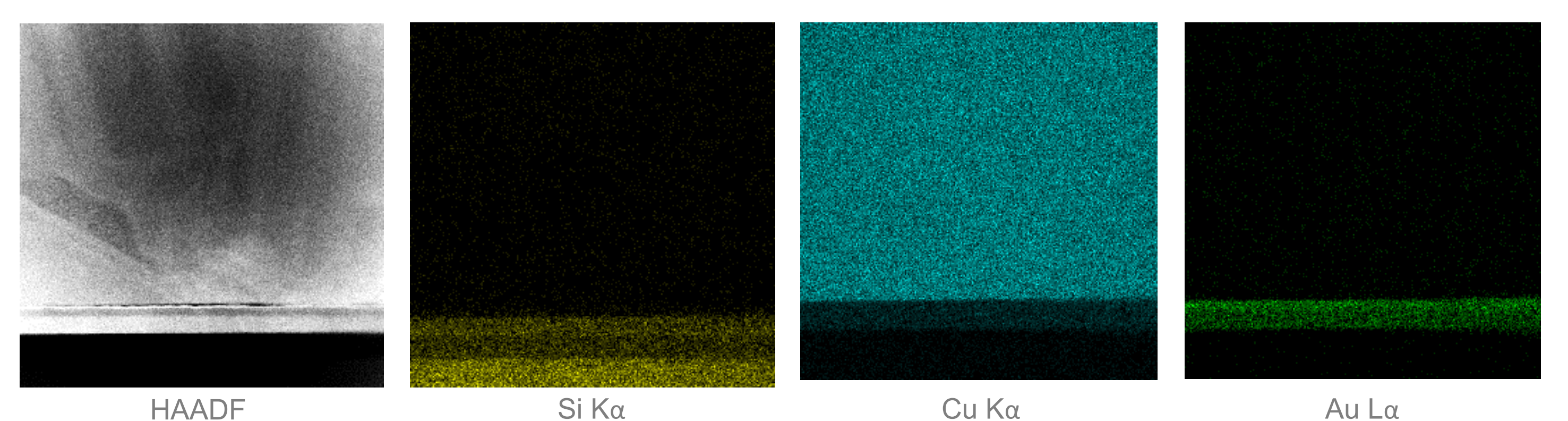
High Resolution TEM



Electron diffraction



STEM-EDX



**NB!** The relative uncertainty of sizes measured by TEM is ~5%

Raw images kindly provided by Luke Guinane and Prof. Tofail Syed